

HISCL™Anti-HBe Assay Kit

REF AN-554-637

Identification of the IVD reagent

HISCL™ Anti-HBe Assay Kit

Intended use

For In Vitro Diagnostic Use
Detection of anti-HBe antibody (HBeAb) in serum or plasma

Development process and characteristics

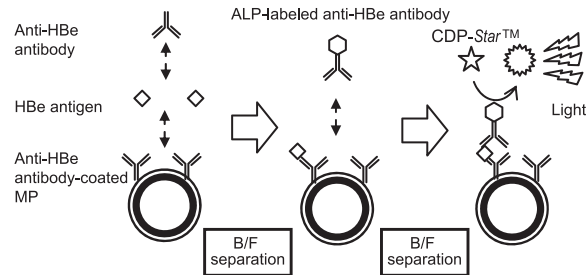
An anti-HBe antibody test is commonly performed for diagnosis of HBV infection.
This kit detects anti-HBe antibody based on the chemiluminescence enzyme immunoassay method with CDP-*Star*™ chemiluminescent substrate.
This kit is exclusively designed for Sysmex automated immunoassay system.

Principles of the examination method

This kit detects anti-HBe antibody based on the 2-step competitive chemiluminescent enzyme immunoassay.

1. Anti-HBe antibodies in sample and anti-HBe antigen monoclonal antibody (mouse) coated magnetic particle (MP) in R2 specifically react competitively with recombinant HBe antigen in R1 reagent.
2. After B/F separation, ALP (alkaline phosphatase)-labeled anti-HBe monoclonal antibodies (mouse) in R3 reagent specifically bind to HBe antigen on MP.
3. After B/F separation, ALP on MP breaks down CDP-*Star*™ substrate in R5 reagent to an excited intermediate, which produces luminescent signal.

Since the strength of this signal is inverse proportional to antibody concentration, judgment is possible based on the inhibition % (Inh%) value established with a sample that contains a known concentration of anti-HBe antibody (HISCL Anti-HBe Calibrator).



Components

This kit consists of the following reagents. 4 – 6 are products which are sold separately.

1. R1 reagent: contains recombinant HBe antigen 12.0 PEIU/mL
2. R2 reagent: contains magnetic particles coated with anti-HBe antigen monoclonal antibody (mouse) 5 mg/mL
3. R3 reagent: contains ALP-labeled anti-HBe antigen monoclonal antibody (mouse) 0.16 U/mL
4. HISCL Substrate Reagent Set
 - (1) R4 reagent
 - (2) R5 reagent: contains CDP-*Star*™: Disodium 2-chloro-5-(4-methoxyspiro{1,2-dioxetane-3,2'-(5'-chloro)-tricyclo[3.3.1.1^{3,7}]decan}-4-yl)-1-phenyl phosphate 0.48 mM
5. HISCL Washing solution
6. HISCL Anti-HBe Calibrator
 - (1) HISCL HBeAb NC
 - (2) HISCL HBeAb PC

[Note 1] R1 reagent and R3 reagent are provided in a two-in-one reagent container.

Warnings and precautions

1. Use the kit according to the method stipulated in the package insert. The reliability of results cannot be guaranteed if the kit is used with a method or for a purpose other than those stipulated.
2. Handle each reagent carefully without generating air bubbles, which may produce incorrect analysis results. If bubbles appear, wait until they disappear.
3. Do not combine reagents from different kits. Do not pool reagents even if the Lot Nos. of kits are the same. Use reagents prior to the expiry date. The reliability of results cannot be guaranteed if reagents are used past their expiration date.
4. Avoid contact of R5 reagent with the skin and eyes, since it is an alkaline solution with pH9.6.
5. All Calibrator bottles should be quickly closed after dispensing drops of Calibrator solution, and then stored at 2-8 °C. If bottles are left open, Calibrators may become concentrated by evaporation, resulting in incorrect calibration.
6. When they are out of the analyzer reagent holder, store R1-R3 reagents at 2-8°C Stir R2 reagent according to [Examination procedure] just before you return it to the analyzer. Do not use reagents once they have frozen, since they may exhibit deterioration.
7. The calibration is valid for 30 days. However, even within this period, calibrate again in the following circumstances :
 - (1) When new R1-R3 reagents with another Lot No. are used.
 - (2) When quality assurance results are abnormal.
 - (3) After specified maintenance and/or repair of the analyzer (see analyzer instruction manual).
8. R1-R4 reagents, and Calibrators contain sodium azide. Since sodium azide reacts with lead tubing and copper tubing to generate metal azides which can explode, use a large quantity of water when disposing of it. In case of contact with the eyes, mouth, or hands, carry out emergency treatment such as washing with a large quantity of water. If necessary, consult a physician.
9. HISCL HBeAb PC contains anti-HBe antigen monoclonal antibody (mouse), it does not contain human-derived materials.
10. Handle samples carefully. They sometimes contain HBV, HCV, HIV, etc.
11. Do not use the reagent bottles, etc. for other purposes.
12. Use only the reagents (R1-R5 reagents, Calibrators, and Washing solution) specified in this package insert.
13. Be certain to assemble the reagent containers according to [Examination procedure]. Incorrectly assembled containers may result in device errors or cause evaporation of reagents.
14. Install R4 reagent and R5 reagent carefully to prevent contamination by alkaline phosphatase in saliva or on skin. To prevent absorption of excess CO₂, do not remove R5 reagent from the instrument until its bottle is empty and requires replacement.

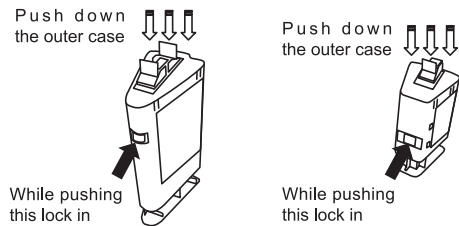
Examination procedure

1. Preparation for measurement
 - (1) Gently mix R2 reagent thoroughly by circling the container. Look and confirm that the magnetic particles have mixed uniformly.



 REF	Catalogue number		Use by
 IVD	In vitro diagnostic medical device		Batch code
	Manufacturer		Sufficient for
	Consult instructions for use		
	Temperature limitation		

- (2)First of all push down the outer cases of reagent containers firmly to tear aluminum seals on the inner bottles.



- (3)Set the containers at the indicated position in the analyzer.
- (4)As a rule, dispense 200 µL of sample to reduce possible effects of evaporation. Refer to the analyzer instruction manual for the minimum volume.
2. Standard assay method *
- (1)Dispense 20 µL of sample and 50 µL of R1 reagent into a reaction cuvette, and then incubate for 2 minutes at 42°C.
- (2)Dispense 30 µL of R2 reagent into the cuvette, incubate for 1 minute at 42 °C, and then carry out magnetic separation (contact the magnet with the cuvette, and aspirate liquid).
- (3)Dispense 100-700 µL of Washing solution, and then carry out magnetic separation. Repeat this procedure 3 times.
- (4)Dispense 100 µL of R3 reagent into the cuvette, incubate for 2.5 minutes at 42 °C, and then carry out magnetic separation.
- (5)Dispense 100-700 µL of Washing solution, and then carry out magnetic separation. Repeat this procedure 3 times.
- (6)Dispense 50 µL of R4 reagent and mix, dispense 100 µL of R5 reagent and mix, incubate for 5 minutes at 42 °C, and then measure light intensity.
3. Calibrator Measurement
- (1)Gently stir HISCL HBeAb NC and HISCL HBeAb PC without generating bubbles. Position them according to the analyzer instruction manual.
- (2)Carry out procedures according to the "standard assay method", and then measure light intensity.*
- (3)The light intensity of HISCL HBeAb NC and PC is used to calculate Inh % in sample measurement.*
4. Sample measurement
- (1)Position a sample according to the analyzer instruction manual.
- (2)Carry out procedures according to the "standard assay method", and then measure light intensity.*
- (3)Calculate inhibition %

Inhibition% (Inh%)=((N)-(S)) / ((N)-(P)) ×100
Where:
N is the light intensity in HISCL HBeAb NC
P is the light intensity in HISCL HBeAb PC
S is the light intensity in Sample

* The analyzer automatically carries out these procedures.

Storage and shelf life after first opening

Store at 2-8 °C. Do not freeze.
The shelf life is 30 days after opening.

Control procedure

Analyze control materials as samples according to [Examination procedure].

Biological reference intervals

Normal sample is negative in this test.

Interpretation of results

The sample is judged positive when the Inh% is above the 50.0 (Inh% ≥50.0) and negative when the Inh% is below the 50.0 (Inh% <50.0)

[Note 2] When a patient is suspected of having HBV infection, it is necessary to collect longitudinal test results and make a comprehensive assessment based on the results of other HBV-related tests and clinical signs and symptoms, even if he/she tests negative with this reagent.

[Note 3] Non-specific reactions can occur in immunoassays. Such reactions are believed to be caused by autoantibodies, insoluble matter (especially fibrin), natural antibodies, etc.

Performance characteristics

1. Sensitivity
- (1)When HISCL HBeAb NC is analyzed, the light intensity is 400,000 - 2,000,000 counts.
- (2)When HISCL HBeAb PC is analyzed, the light intensity is ≤ 20,000 counts.
2. Accuracy
- (1)When anti-HBe negative control serum is analyzed, the result is negative.
- (2)When anti-HBe positive control serum is analyzed, the result is positive.
3. Reproducibility
- (1)When anti-HBe negative control serum is analyzed simultaneously 3 times, the results are all negative.
- (2)When anti-HBe positive control serum is analyzed simultaneously 3 times, the results are all positive.
4. Measurement range (minimum detectable value)
Inh% ≥ 50.0

[Note 4] Counts:
Unit of light intensity on Sysmex automated immunoassay system.

[Note 5] Anti-HBe negative control serum is anti-HBe antibody negative human serum.
Anti-HBe positive control serum is anti-HBe antibody positive human serum.

Limitations of the examination procedure

1. Interference
Hemoglobin (494 mg/dL or lower), bilirubin (bilirubin F: 19.1 mg/dL or lower, bilirubin C: 21.6 mg/dL or lower), and chylo-microns (1,590 formazine turbidity units or lower) each have almost no effect on measurements.⁽¹⁾
2. Sample with turbidity or hemolysis may not be measured correctly.

Reagent preparation

All reagents are ready-to-use.

Primary sample collection, handling and storage

Human serum or plasma.

1. Plasma should be collected using EDTA or heparin as an anticoagulant. Do not use liquid anticoagulant, since it dilutes samples and causes incorrect results.
2. If samples must be stored, freeze at -20 °C or lower. Do not repeat freezing and thawing of samples, which may induce formation of particulates and cause incorrect results.
3. Fibrin-clotted samples should be centrifuged at 2,000 xg for 10 min to remove insoluble matter.

Disposal procedures

1. Incinerate used sample tubes or reagent bottles, or dispose of them as medical waste or industrial waste according to the rules stipulated for waste materials.
2. Sterilize any instruments or equipment that have come in contact with specimens using one of the following methods:
- Immerse in 0.05 % formalin solution at 37 °C for 72 hours or longer.
 - Immerse in 2 % glutaraldehyde solution for 1 hour or longer.
 - Immerse in a solution containing 0.1 % or more sodium hypochlorite for 1 hour or longer.
 - Autoclave at 121 °C for at least 1 hour.

Literature references

- (1) In-house data
- (2) Selection criterion of hepatitis virus markers in liver diseases (4th edition) Nippon Shokakibyo Gakkai Zasshi **103(12)**:1403 (2006)

Manufacturer

 **Japan Lyophilization Laboratory**
3-1-5 Matsuyama, Kiyose-shi, Tokyo 204-0022, Japan

Authorized representatives

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Product information

HISCL Anti-HBe Assay Kit For 50 tests

Traceability of values assigned to calibrators

HISCL HBeAb PC has been adjusted by HBe Referenzserum 82(IgG-anti HBe) made by Paul-Ehrlich-Institute.

Date of issue or revision

9/2018

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